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UNITEDSTATES

Washington, D.C. 20549

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE CO.

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-65862

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/10	AND ENDING	12/31/10
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIS	STRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Caymus Sec	urities, LLC		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	ESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
3490 Piedmont Road NE, Suite 10	40		
	(No. and Street)		
Atlanta	Georgia		30305
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Geoffrey L. F		REGARD TO THIS REI	(404) 995-8302
	- 		(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who Habif, Arogeti and Wynne, LLP	ose opinion is contained		
Five Concourse Parkway, Suite 1000	Atlanta	Georgia	30328
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its pos	sessions.	
F	DR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	
			-

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

My I

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, G	Soeffre	ey L. Faux		, s	wear (or affirm) that, t	to the best of my
		ge and belief, the accompanying financial Securities, LLC	statements	and supporting	schedules pertaining	to the firm of, as
of	De	cember 31	, 20 10	, are true and co	orrect. I further swea	r (or affirm) that
		he Company nor any partner, proprietor, prince d solely as that of a customer, except as follows	cipal officer			
				Sign	pature I at a second	<u></u>
_	0	Notary Public	_	Tanadi	Topp 5 100	
m1 ·		Notary Public			TODD E ASH Notary Public Cobb County	
_	-	ort * contains (check all applicable boxes)		1	State of Georgia	
	(a) (b)	Facing page. Statement of financial condition.		My Com	mission Expires Oct 5, 20	114
	(c)	Statement of income (loss).				
	(d)					
	(e)		tners' or sole	proprietor's capita	1.	
	(f)	Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to c				
7	(g)					
		Computation for determination of reserve requirement				
		Information relating to the possession or control rec	quirements fo	r brokers and deale	rs under Rule 15c3-3.	
	(j)	A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation	ı, of the com	putation of net cap	oital under Rule 15c3-1 a	nd the computation
		for determination of the reserve requirements under				
	(k)	A reconciliation between the audited and unaudited	statements o	f financial conditio	n with respect to methods	s of consolidation.
\checkmark	(1)	An oath or affirmation.				
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC supplemental report.				
		A report describing any material inadequacies found	d to exist or f	found to have existe	ed since the date of the pro	evious audit.
$\overline{\square}$	(o)	Independent auditor's report on internal control.				
	(p)	Schedule of segregation requirements and funds in Rule 171-5.	ı segregation	- customers' regul	lated commodity futures	account pursuant to

^{**} For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent auditors' report	1
Financial statements:	
Statement of financial condition	2
Statement of income and member's equity	3
Statement of cash flows	4
Notes to financial statements	5 - 7
Supplementary information:	
Computation of net capital	9
Computation of net capital requirement	10
Statement of changes in ownership equity	11
Reconciliation of computation of net capital	12
Exemptive provision under Rule 15c3-3	13
Independent auditors' report on internal control required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a broker-dealer claiming an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3	14 - 15



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of Caymus Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Caymus Securities, LLC (a limited liability company) (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010, and the related statements of income and member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Caymus Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in pages 9 through 13 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Atlanta, Georgia

Halif, Arageti & Mpm. LLP

February 22, 2011

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS

Current assets	
Cash	\$ 94,850
Prepaid expenses	 <u>5,738</u>
Total current assets	100,588
Other assets	
Investment in Receivables Outsourcing, Inc.	 1
	\$ 100,589
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 8,555
Member's equity	 92,034
	\$ 100,589

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF INCOME AND MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Revenue	\$	372,536
General and administrative expenses	_	169,014
Income from operations		203,522
Other income (expense)		
Interest income Other income		9,199 19
		9,218
Net income		212,740
Member's equity, beginning of year		54,294
Distributions	_	(175,000)
Member's equity, end of year	\$	92,034

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ <u>212,740</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided	
by operating activities	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	1,459
Prepaid expenses	(942)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	755
Due to affiliates	(3,707)
Total adjustments	(2,435)
Net cash provided by operating activities	210,305
Cash flows from financing activities	
Distributions to member	(175,000)
Net increase in cash	35,305
Cash, beginning of year	<u>59,545</u>
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>94,850</u>

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations:

Caymus Securities, LLC (the "Company") was formed as a limited liability company in Georgia in April 2003. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Caymus Partners, LLC (the "Sole Member") and is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company is in the business of investment banking where the Company acts as an advisor or agent in merger and acquisition transactions and the raising of private capital through security offerings.

The current state of the economy and securities markets may have adverse implications to the financial services industry. The contraction of the economy and securities markets may also adversely affect the Company's future operations.

The Company does not maintain customer accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk Arising From Cash Deposits in Excess of Insured Limits:

The Company maintains cash balances at one financial institution. The accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per institution. From time to time, the Company's cash balance exceeds such limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant risks on cash.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes:

The Company is a single member limited liability company. The Company is a disregarded entity for tax purposes and does not file tax returns or pay income taxes. All income and losses are passed through to the sole member to be included on the sole member's tax return.

Due to a required change in the applicable accounting standards, the Company adopted a new recognition threshold for income tax benefits arising from uncertain income tax positions effective January 1, 2009. Upon adoption of the new standard and in all subsequent periods, a tax benefit arising from an uncertain tax position can only be recognized for financial reporting purposes if, and to the extent that, the position is more likely than not to be sustained in an audit by the applicable taxing authority. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and related tax liabilities at December 31, 2010.

The Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations for calendar years up to and including 2006.

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue Recognition:

Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing merger and acquisition and financial restructuring advisory services. Investment banking fees are recorded on the offering date, and when the income is reasonably determinable.

Investment:

The Company owns a warrant to purchase 1% of the outstanding common stock of Receivables Outsourcing, Inc. for \$120,000 through November 25, 2013. The investment is accounted for using the cost method.

Fair Value:

In specific circumstances, certain assets and liabilities are reported or disclosed at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the Company's principal market for such transactions. If the Company has not established a principal market for such transactions, fair value is determined based on the most advantageous market.

Valuation inputs used to determine fair value are arranged in a hierarchy that categorizes the inputs into three broad levels, which are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are directly or indirectly observable valuation inputs for the asset or liability, excluding Level 1 inputs.
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The Company's financial instruments, including cash, accounts payable and accrued expenses, are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value because of the short term nature of the assets and liabilities.

Note B

Related Party Transactions

The Company pays a management fee to the Sole Member equal to 10% of Caymus Partners' operating expenses, as defined in the management agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2010, management fees incurred was \$74,165, none of which was outstanding at year end.

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Note C Net Capital

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that minimum net capital, as defined, shall not be less than \$5,000 and the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$86,295, which was \$81,295 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.10 to 1.

Note D Exemption from Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, accordingly, is not required to maintain a reserve account for the exclusive benefit of customers.

Note E Concentrations

Significant Customers:

A significant customer is defined as one from whom at least 10% of annual revenue is derived. The Company had revenue from two customers totaling \$352,437, which comprised approximately 95% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no accounts receivable from these two customers at December 31, 2010.

Note F Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events through February 22, 2011, when these financial statements were available to be issued. The Company is not aware of any additional significant events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the filing of this report that would have a material impact on the financial statements.



BROKER OR DEALER	Caymus Securities, LLC	as of _	12/31/10

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

1.	Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition	¢	92,034	3480
2.	Deduct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital	· 🖞 –) 3490
3.	Total ownership equity qualified for Net Capital	19 1	92,034	3500
4.	Add:		32,034	3300
	A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital			3520
	B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)	_		3525
5.	Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	· e -	92,034	3530
6.	Deductions and/or charges:	Ψ	32,034	3330
	A. Total non-allowable assets from			
	Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C)	1		
	B. Secured demand note delinquency	1		
	C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities –	_		
	proprietary capital charges	1		
	D. Other deductions and/or charges	1 (5,738) 3620
7.	Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)	J 4		3630
8.	Net capital defore naircuts on securities positions	₹ ₂₀ \$	86,296	3640
9.	Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):			1.5
	A. Contractual securities commitments	}		
	B. Subordinated securities borrowings	1		
	C. Trading and investment securities:	,		
	1. Exempted securities	1		
	2. Debt securities	1		
	3. Options			
	4. Other securities			
	D. Undue Concentration		_	
	E. Other (List) 3736] (_	<u> </u>) 3740
10.	Net Capital	e	86,295	3750
		Ψ=		3/30

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BROKER OR DEALER Caymus Securities, LLC as of 12/31/10

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part A

11. Minimum net capital required (6 ² / ₃ % of line 19)	\$_	570	3756
12. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement			
of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	\$_	5,000	3758
13. Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)	\$	5.000	3760
14. Excess net capital (line 10 less 13)	\$	81,295	3770
15. Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19) Line 10 less greater of 10% of line 19 or 120% of line 12%	2 \$	80,295	3780

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

16. Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	\$	8,555	3790
17. Add:	_		
A. Drafts for immediate credit			
B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value			
is paid or credited\$ 3810		^	
C. Other unrecorded amounts (List) \$ 3820	\$_	U	3830
18. Total aggregate indebtedness	\$_	8,555	3840
19. Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 18 ÷ by line 10)	%_	.10	3850
20. Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)	%_		3860

COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part B

21. 2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers or dealers and consolidated subsidiaries' debits	\$	3970
22. Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of		
subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	3 \$	3880
23. Net capital requirement (greater of line 21 or 22)	\$	3760
24. Excess capital (line 10 less 23)	\$	3910
25. Net capital in excess of the gréater of:		
A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000	\$	3920

NOTES:

- (A) The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
 - 1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 - 2. 67/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 4% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- (B) Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements or secured demand note covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners' securities which were included in non-allowable assets
- (C) For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

BROKER OR DEALER	Caymus Securities, LLC

For the period (MMDDYY) from <u>01/01/10</u> to <u>12/31/10</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP EQUITY (SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, PARTNERSHIP OR CORPORATION)

1.	Balance, beginning of period	\$_ 	54,294 212,740 0 175,000	4240 4250 4260 4270
2.	Balance, end of period (From item 1800)	\$_	92,034	4290
	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS			
3.		\$_		4300 4310
	A. Increases	~		4320

4. Balance, end of period (From item 3520)

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4330

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL (RULE 15c3-1 PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)(4)) DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Net Capital		Aggregate Indebtedness		Percentage of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	
Company's computation	\$	86,295	\$	8,555	0.10	
Additional expense accruals, revenue, expense, and other adjustments						
	\$	86,295	\$	8 <u>,555</u>	0.10	

BROKER OR DEALER Caymus Securities, LLC	as of _	12/31/10	
EXEMPTIVE PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3			
24. If an exemption from Rule 15c3-1 is claimed, identify below the section upon which such exemption is based (check one only)			
A. (k)(1) \$2,500 capital category as per Rule 15c3-1			4550
B. (k)(2)(A) — "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of customers" maintained		X	4560
C. (k)(2)(B) — All customer transactions cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.			
Name of clearing firm ₹30	5		4570
D. (k)(3) — Exempted by order of the Commission (include copy of letter)		*	4580

Ownership Equity and Subordinated Liabilities maturing or proposed to be withdrawn within the next six months and accruals, (as defined below), which have not been deducted in the computation of Net Capital.

	ype of Proposed Withdrawal or Accrual (See below for code)	Name of Lender or Contributor	Insider or Outsider? (In or Out)	Amount to be Withdrawn (cash amount and/or Net Capital Value of Securities)	١	(MMDDYY) Withdrawal or Maturity Date	Expect to Renew (Yes or No)
31	4600	4601	4602		4603	4604	4605
32	4610	4611	4612		4613	4614	4615
33	4620	4621	4622		4623	4624	4625
y 34	4630	4631	4632		4633	4634	4635
35	4640	4641	4642		4643	4644	4645
			Total \$36		4699		

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Instructions: Detail Listing must include the total of items maturing during the six month period following the report date, regardless of whether or not the capital contribution is expected to be renewed. The schedule must also include proposed capital withdrawals scheduled within the six month period following the report date including the proposed redemption of stock and anticipated accruals which would cause a reduction of Net Capital. These anticipated accruals would include amounts of bonuses, partners' drawing accounts, taxes, and interest on capital, voluntary contributions to pension or profit sharing plans, etc., which have not been deducted in the computation of Net Capital, but which you anticipate will be paid within the next six months.

WITHDRAWAL CODE:	DESCRIPTIONS			
1.	Equity Capital			
2.	Subordinated Liabilities			
3.	Accruals			

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Atlanta, Georgia

Halif, Arageti & Mpm. LLP

February 22, 2011



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Member of Caymus Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Caymus Securities, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

CAYMUS SECURITIES, LLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

